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## Responsibilities and solutions for the successful implementation of ARD 5 - year plan

### I. Assessment on the implementation of 2001 - 2005 plan in agriculture and rural development

1. Continuous reformation toward production of valuable agricultural products, the growth rate of added value of agriculture-forestry-fishery achieved at 3.6%/per annum on the average.

2. The agricultural/forest/fishery product processing has been expanded in size and capacity. The market promotion has been taken into account with more concerns. Activities in research, transfer, supplies, and technical assistance inputs and services in rural areas have been popularized gradually.

3. Organization and management over the agricultural production have been renovated; encouraging the development of farms, new form of management in cooperatives. The

task of poverty alleviation has been carried out with more effectiveness, clear improvement of rural social lifehood.

4. The rural infrastructure has been invested with more concentration; particularly the irrigation, technical infrastructure for agricultural/forest/fishery products, rural grid, rural clean water supply scheme and sanitation.

### II. Constraints and challenges

1. The structural reformation of agriculture production is still slow, without much effectiveness or in-depth reformation.

2. The competitiveness of the most of the agricultural products is still low, with the main reason attributed to the low quality, high cost and limited marketing performance.

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## Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Partnership in operation

### Preparation and approval process

The Minister of MARD in June 2005 established a GoV-Donor Task Force for the design of a Partnership for Rural Water Supply and Sanitation (RWSS). The Task Force, chaired by the MARD International Cooperation Department and supported by a Consultant Group and the MARD ISG Secretariat, conducted several meetings during the period July-November 2005 to define the overall purpose and scope of the Partnership, Partnership programme priority areas and Partnership decision-

making and operational structures.

On this basis, a draft Partnership Reference Document (outlining Partnership features in detail) and a draft Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) for the establishment of the Partnership were finalized in January 2006. Following appraisal by GoV agencies, the MoU was approved by the Prime Minister's Office through Decision 519/TTg-QHQT dated 3rd April 2006 and subsequently endorsed by prospective international partners. The

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## Responsibilities and...

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3. The infrastructure has not met the demands of reformation of agricultural production and rural economy reformation; the management and use of infrastructure are weak with low efficiency.
4. The investment structure is slowly adjusted to go in accordance with the need of new economic structure. The investment management is not yet effective, with losses and wastes in civil construction.
5. Agricultural Production relation in rural areas has been slowly renovated with confused practice, the multiplication of the farming model has met with constraints.
6. The livelihood of the farmers is slowly improved, particularly in mountainous and remote areas, the gap between the poor and the rich gets bigger, needs for job in rural areas are growing.
7. A large part of agricultural workmen have not been trained in production skills and management for market economy. Their knowledge in usage and protection of natural resources has been inadequate.
8. The sector management system has not changed in pace with the demand of governance in the market economy.

### III. Tasks and solutions for rural development in the stage of 2006 - 2010

Basic Solutions for the implementation of the 5 year Plan 2006-2010

- Accelerate the modernization of agriculture by means of concentration on application of appropriate hi-techs; particularly the bio techs, technology of processing to increase the productivity. Improve the quality of plants and domestic animals herds for competitiveness and efficiency. Extend breed improvement programs, applications of bio-tech, of watering technology in production and wide use of IT in management.
- Renovate and improve the quality of strategic planning and action planning; so that the business plan is related to the market demands and the macro regulating role of the governance. Adjust the strategic plan for agricultural development in line with the market economic mechanism, basing on the study of forecasts about the agricultural product markets and factors in long term development. Formulate the economic structure in the sector and region to fit in the process of diversification of production and enhancement of cooperation in business among the entities.
- Popularize the protection and development of forest resources, improve the reforestation. Concentrate on the protection of existing forest, the zoning for reforestation, forest enrichment and

plantation of industrial forests. Implement the land acquisition, the delegation of forest care for stable and long term contract toward the popularization of forestry so that the forest care workers can have reliable income from working with the forest.

- Develop the rural industries for rapid transformation of economic and workforce structures; generate incomes from small jobs, services and trades. Develop the processing industries for agricultural products and forest products to create the sustainable market for continuous consumption in favour of the farmers, increase the value of the agricultural products, directing at the coordination of production and business through the sector vertically. The processing industries will concentrate on the key agricultural products already having the international competitiveness, to bring about the big export revenues; such as rice, coffee, tea, and cashew, vegetables, meat, and forest products.

- Enhance the research system with the development of agricultural service stations and posts. Re-arrange the system of research and transfer. Organize the local extension system to facilitate the instructions to farmers for development of production, application of technology in cultivation and husbandry. Study the options for watering, fertilization, and controlling and slowing down the floods to ensure the dam and dike safety. Study the possible transfer of IT in all the aspects of agriculture and rural development, considering it as one of the breakthroughs to change the modes of production, management and business in agriculture and rural development.

- Construct and develop the irrigation infrastructure and the dike system against the floods and inundation. Concentrate on the modernization; improve the efficiency in operation management. Apply the advanced technology in designs, construction, and management of irrigation works; realize the popularization of investment into the management over irrigation works; develop the cooperatives and organize the farmers's operation of waterworks. Enhance the measures for protection of the works, the forecast for warning to strengthen the prevention and mitigation of natural disasters. Increase the forestation in the watersheds, to improve the canopy of the forest to retain the water and soil against the flushing floods. Dredge the riverbeds, the estuaries for drainage of floods according to the Ordinance on Dike Management and Mitigation Measures against Flood and Typhoon.

- Develop the rural transportation system to meet the requirements agricultural production and delivery. Improve the infrastructure of communication in rural areas. Expand the information network

from Ministry to provinces and productions in the sector; frequent provision of information about production, prevention of disease outbreaks, natural disasters, markets and prices.

- Diversify the investment into agriculture including the sources from ODA, FDI, domestic enterprises. The state budget only focuses on the priority of irrigation, technical infrastructure, and researches for technology transfer, clean water supply, and communication network. Ensure the effectiveness of the investment and technical assistance in compliances with the regulations in WTO.

- Increase the monitoring & evaluation over the implementation of investment projects starting from the choice of priority objectives, the allocation of inputs and supervision over the outcomes. Realize the transparency and publicity of the decision making process, the participation of the social organizations and the communities. Realize the procedures of democracy and openness of self ownership of the institutional entities.

- Continue the renovation in production arrangement and the new production relationship in rural areas, transform all the SOEs into equitized and joint stock companies, or apply the transfer, sales, delegation, lease, dismissal, or declare bankruptcy of declining enterprises; link the benefits, and responsibilities of the workers with the development of enterprises in order to improve the operation capacity and business. Set up the strategies and specific solutions for the development of small and medium sized enterprises with more available careers to create jobs for rural workmen. Prepare the mechanism; create the links in the production between the enterprises and the households of farmers.

- Realize the integration of poverty alleviation activities and the development plan for agriculture and rural economy. Pay proper attention to the measures in supporting the stricken areas, particularly the mountainous and remote areas, ethnic peoples to achieve the social equality in the process of industrialization, modernization of agriculture and rural development.

- Construct and develop the rural area to fit in the process of transformation of rural economic structure and sustainability in social development and environment. Carry out the pilot establishment of social insurance in rural areas with services; integration of risk prevention with the mitigation of natural disasters in places of frequent unfavourable impacts.

*Extracted from MARD report to Mid-term CG Meeting 2006*

# Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Partnership

(From page 1)



MoU was finally signed by the Minister of MARD on behalf of the GoV and by Ambassadors and representatives of 14 international partners on 15 May 2006 (can be obtained from ISG website).

## Why a Partnership?

The GoV and the international community, as expressed in the Hanoi Core Statement on Aid Effectiveness dated June 3, 2005, are actively exploring opportunities for increasing aid effectiveness, harmonisation and alignment. The decision to initiate the preparation of the RWSS Partnership demonstrates MARD's and its international partners commitment to pursue the intentions laid out in the Hanoi Core Statement.

Partnership purpose, goals and institutional set-up

The purpose the Partnership is to create a collaborative mechanism for improved effectiveness of resource use in RWSS through coordination and harmonization of support to GoV policies, the National Target Programme for RWSS (NTP) and other programmes. This will contribute to establishing an enabling framework for nation-wide application of the National RWSS Strategy and to the Partnership goal of "reducing rural poverty and improved living conditions of rural people through universal, sustained and affordable access to RWSS services".

The Partnership Programme Framework for the initial 5 year period emphasize the following priority interventions: a) strengthening of sector planning, monitoring and institutional capacity, b) focus on sanitation, c) provincial capacities and participatory processes, d) scaling-up of innovations and e) private sector involvement. The RWSS Partnership will apply a flexible and incremental approach to defining the scope of Partnership cooperation and to

establishment of operational Partnership structures.

The Partnership's decision-making and operational structures will be located in MARD, which maintains the overall sector coordination responsibility for RWSS. To foster alignment between the Partnership and the NTP, the Partnership Steering Committee (PSC) will comprise members of the NTP Steering Committee complemented with a limited number of international and provincial partner representatives. Discussion of sector development

- Final endorsement of the Partnership Programme Framework and Programme and Financial Support Matrix 2006-2010 endorsed
- Partnership work planning, budgeting and progress reporting framework established and work plan and budget for Year 1 prepared
- A range of common sector tools initiated, including elements of the RWSS information management system
- ❖ Initial Partnership activities defined



issues and detailed definition of Partnership activities will take place in a Technical Advisory Group with broad representation of partner agencies. Finally, a small Partnership Coordination Unit and a common mechanism for funding of Partnership operations and activities will be established in MARD.

Through Decision 1423 QD/BNN-TCCB dated 16 May 2006, the Minister of MARD has approved establishment of the Partnership Coordination Unit.

## Plan:

The following Partnership operation and activity outputs are anticipated during the initial year of the 2-year Partnership inception period:

❖ Partnership operational structures, mechanisms and systems established, including:

- Partnership Steering Committee (PSC), the Partnership Coordination Unit (CU) and the Partnership Technical Advisory Committee (TAG)
- Common mechanism for financing of Partnership operations and activities

and initiated in accordance with the Partnership Programme Framework, including:

- Support to establishment of NTP implementation guidelines
- Support to clarification of institutional roles and mandates and coordination mechanisms at the national level
- Framework for national RWSS Strategic Plan defined
- Action Plan for enhancing efforts in the field of sanitation defined
- Working Group to define and assess barriers and options for province-based planning and demand-led approaches established
- Various studies and assessments initiated, including assessment of operational approaches/technical models suitable for "scaling-up", subsidy policy, etc.
- Definition of strategy for increased private involvement initiated

*Partnership note for mid-year consultative group meeting 2006*

**LIST OF PROJECTS APPROVED AND SIGNED IN THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF 2006**

| No | Project Code  | Project Name   | Donor        | Type of Funds |            |             | Period      | Implementing Agency (Proposed)   | Sign Date  |
|----|---------------|--|--------------|---------------|------------|-------------|-------------|--|------------|
|    |               |  |              | Grant (USD)   | Loan (USD) | Total (USD) |             |  |            |
| 1  | BNN-NN-05-050 | Village Level Processing - Empowerment through Enterprise Skills Development   | FAO          | 379.000       | 0          | 379000      | 2006 - 2007 | Vietnam Institute of Agriculture Engineering and Post Harvest Technology | 01/06/2006 |
| 2  | BNN-HH-05-051 | Master Plan study on Improvement of Rural Living conditions in North - Western Mountainous Region in Vietnam   | JICA         | 2.000.000     | 0          | 2.000.000   | 2006 - 2007 | Institute of Agricultural Planning and Projection                        | 16/05/2006 |
| 3  | BNN-NN-05-052 | System and model for nutrition management in agriculture in the suburban of Hanoi  | SDC          | 12.759        | 0          | 12.759      | 2005 - 2006 | Institute of Pedology and Agro-chemistry                                 | 19/04/2006 |
| 4  | BNN-TL-05-053 | Capacity development of Participatory Irrigation Management System through Vietnam Institute for Water Resource Research for improvement of agricultural productivity in Vietnam                     | JICA         | 5.400.000     | 0          | 5.400.000   | 2005 - 2010 | Vietnam Institute of Water Resources Research                            | 21/03/2006 |
| 5  | BNN-NN-05-054 | Project for Enhancing function of Agricultural Cooperatives in Vietnam   | JICA         | 3.240.000     | 0          | 3.240.000   | 2006 - 2010 | Department of Cooperatives and Rural Development                         | 22/03/2006 |
| 6  | BNN-NN-05-055 | Improvement of dairy technology for small and medium scale Dairy farms in Vietnam  | JICA         | 3.410.000     | 0          | 3.410.000   | 2006 - 2010 | National Institute of Animal Husbandry                                   | 22/03/2006 |
| 7  | BNN-LN-05-056 | Conservation of Bos Gaurus in Cat Tien National Park   | GEF          | 699.983       | 0          | 699.983     | 2006 - 2008 | Cat Tien National Park   | 20/02/2006 |
| 8  | BNN-NN-05-057 | Project on vegetable safety in Vietnam: consumption need and supply capacity   | GTZ          | 10.000        | 0          | 10.000      | 2006 - 2007 | Institute of Fruit and Vegetable Research                                | 01/06/2006 |
| 9  | BNN-NN-05-058 | PHRD Grant for the preparation of Agricultural diversification project II - TF 055143  | WB (PHRD)    | 480.000       | 0          | 480.000     | 2006        | Agricultural Project Management Board                                    | 05/01/2006 |
| 10 | BNN-NN-05-059 | TA for the Preparation of Agricultural diversification Project II used AFD and Fund.   | WB/AFD       | 360.000       | 0          | 360.000     | 2006        | Agricultural Project Management Board                                    | 22/02/2006 |
| 11 | BNN-LN-05-060 | Project on development of integrated approach for management, conservation and development of non-timber products in the Tam Dao National Park   | TFF          | 31.929        | 0          | 31.000      | 2006 - 2008 | Tam Dao National Park  | 24/05/2006 |
| 12 | BNN-LN-03-006 | Forest Development in Son La and Hoa Binh Provinces - KIW7   | KFW          | 2.520.000     | 9480000    | 12.000.000  | 2006 - 2014 | Forestry Projects Management Board                                       | 26/05/2006 |
| 13 | BNN-LN-05-061 | Pilot community-based program 2006 - 2007  | TFF          | 1.755.600     | 0          | 1.755.600   | 2006 - 2008 | Department of Forestry, DARDS  | 05/06/2006 |
| 14 | BNN-NN-05-062 | Biogas program support project for Vietnam's husbandry sector-linking phase  | RNE          | 1.150.000     | 0          | 1.150.000   | 2006 - 2007 | Department of Agriculture  | 05/01/2006 |
| 15 | BNN-HH-04-048 | Establish the Monitoring and Evaluation's System in Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development  | SDC          | 999.130       | 0          | 999.130     | 2006 - 2008 | Planning Department  | 06/06/2006 |
| 16 | BNN-LN-05-035 | Community - Based Management of Pu Luong - Cuc Phuong Limestone Landscape - Phase II   | WB/SDF       | 304.200       | 0          | 304.200     | 2006 - 2008 | Forest Protection Department   | 19/05/2006 |
| 17 | BNN-TL-05-031 | Rural Water Supply and Environment Project in 2006   | UNICEF       | 1.400.000     | 0          | 1.400.000   | 2006        | The Centre for Rural Water Supply and Environmental Sanitation           | 30/05/2006 |
| 18 | BNN-NN-05-041 | Strengthening the Management of Public Health Emergencies in Vietnam - with focus on the Prevention and Control of Diseases of Epidemic Potential including Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) | UNDP/FAO/WHO | 6.926.599     | 0          | 6.926.599   | 2005 - 2006 | Department of Animal Health and Ministry of Health                       | 27/02/2006 |
| 19 | BNN-TL-05-063 | Empowering Farmers for Participatory Irrigation Management Project   | WB           | 1.650.000     | 0          | 1.650.000   | 2006 - 2008 | Central Projects Office Water Resources                                  | 16/03/2006 |
| 20 | BNN-HH-05-048 | Agricultural Market Information  | CIDA         | 3.920.000     | 0          | 3.920.000   | 2006 - 2011 | Institute of Policy and Strategy for Agriculture and Rural Development   | 06/06/2006 |
| 21 | BNN-NN-05-064 | Improving rural livelihood through vegetable - based postharvest technologies for Cambodia, Lao PDR and Vietnam  | ADB/AVRD C   | 46.000        | 0          | 46.000      | 2005 - 2006 | Institute of Fruit and Vegetable Research                                | T6/2006    |
| 22 | BNN-NN-05-065 | Capacity Enhancement project (CFP) and Seed Health Improvement Programme (SHIP) Vietnam  | DANIDA       | 52.142        | 0          | 52.142      | 2006 - 2008 | National Center for plant seeds experiment                               | T6/2006    |
| 23 | BNN-TL-04-041 | Phan Ri - Phan Thiet Project   | JBIC         | 0             | 56000000   | 56.000.000  | 2006 - 2009 | Central Projects Office Water Resources                                  |            |
| 24 | BNN-NN-05-066 | Vietnam Integrated National Operational Program for Avian and Human Influenza (OPI)  | Co-funding   | 61.000.000    | 0          | 61.000.000  | 2006 - 2008 | Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development and Ministry of Health     |            |
| 25 | BNN-HH-06-020 | Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Partnership  | Co-funding   | 140.800       | 0          | 140.800     | 2006 - 2008 | International Cooperation Department                                     | 15/05/2006 |
|    |               | <b>Grand total:</b>  |              | 97.888.142    | 65,480,000 | 163,368,142 |             |  |            |

Exchange rate: 1 EURO = 1,2 USD  
 1 CND = 0,8 USD  
 1 DKK = 0,583 USD

**LIST OF PROJECTS TO BE SIGNED IN THE SECOND HALF OF 2006**

| No | Project Code  | Title Name   | Donors                | Type of Funds |             |             | Period       | Implementing Agency (Proposed)                                    |
|----|---------------|--|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|---|
|    |               |  |                       | Grant (USD)   | Loan (USD)  | Total (USD) |              |   |
| 1  | BNN-NN-06-003 | Program of " Strengthening the Management of Public Health Emergencies in Viet Nam - with focus on the Prevention and Control of Diseases of Epidemic Potential including highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI), Phase II | UNDP/FAO/W HO         | 12.000.000    | 0           | 12.000.000  | 2007 - 2009  | Department of Animal Health and Ministry of Health                |
| 2  | BNN-NN-05-036 | Strengthening Strategy Development and Improvement Agricultural Biotechnology in Viet Nam  | FAO                   | 400.000       | 0           | 400.000     | 2006 - 2008  | Vietnam's Institute of Agricultural Sciences                      |
| 3  | BNN-NN-05-037 | The Biogas Support Project for The Animal Husbandry Sector in Vietnam - Phase II   | SNV                   | 20.450.000    | 0           | 20.450.000  | 2006 - 20011 | Department of Husbandry   |
| 4  | BNN-LN-05-039 | Extention for Project: Afforestation I and III in Bac Giang - Lang Son - Quang Ninh Provinces  | Qick Win Fund/Germany | 3.000.000     | 0           | 3.000.000   | 2006 - 2013  | Forestry Project Management Board                                 |
| 5  | BNN-HH-05-044 | Vietnam and Spain Co-operation Program 2006 (including 2 small Projects)   | TBN                   | 500.000       | 0           | 500.000     | 2006 - 2010  | Plantation Department and some institutes                         |
| 6  | BNN-NN-01-015 | Strengthening for National Plant's Gene Bank   | JICA                  | 8.000.000     | 0           | 8.000.000   | 2006 - 2009  | Center of Genes bank under Institute of Genetics                  |
| 7  | BNN-TL-05-045 | Study on Groundwater Development in the Rural Provinces of the Southern Coastal Zone   | JICA                  | 2.000.000     | 0           | 2.000.000   | 2006 - 2008  | CERWASS   |
| 8  | BNN-TL-02-053 | Protection of Riverbank and Dike System from Erosion by Kago Mat (Japanese Gabion)   | JICA                  | 9.000.000     | 9.480.000   | 9.000.000   | 2006 - 2009  | Dyke and Flood Management Department                              |
| 9  | BNN-NN-05-046 | Development Study on Community - Based Rural Agroprocessing Promotion Program  | JICA                  | 3.000.000     | 0           | 3.000.000   | 2007 - 2010  | Department of Agro-forestry products processing and salt industry |
| 10 | BNN-NN-05-047 | Study on Parasites in Sheep Liver  | USDA                  | 100.000       | 0           | 100.000     | 2006-2007    | Department of Animal Health                                       |
| 11 | BNN-HH-05-049 | Community - Base Agricultural Extension and Training in Mountainous Districts  | JFPR/ADB/JFPR         | 900.000       | 0           | 900.000     | 2006 - 2009  | National Center for Agricultural Extension                        |
| 12 | BNN-NN-03-023 | Project of Agriculture Science and Technology  | ADB                   | 0             | 30.000.000  | 30.000.000  | 2006 - 2009  | Agricultural Project Management Board                             |
| 13 | BNN-HH-04-049 | Master Plan Study on Improvement of Infrastructures and Living Conditions in Four Nothern Mountainous Provinces  | JICA                  | 3.000.000     | 0           | 3.000.000   | 2006-2008    | To be identified  |
| 14 | BNN-LN-03-019 | Forest for Livelihood Improvement in the Central Highlands Sector Project  | ADB/đồng tài trợ      | 16.150.000    | 45.000.000  | 61.150.000  | 2005 - 2010  | Forestry Project Management Board                                 |
| 15 | BNN-TL-04-046 | Central Region Water Resources Project (ADB4)  | ADB                   | 0             | 74.286.000  | 74.286.000  | 2006 - 2011  | Central Project Office Water Resources                            |
| 16 | BNN-NN-05-001 | Increasing the Agricultural productivity of degraded rainyed production systems in Vietnam   | FAO                   | 334.500       | 0           | 334.500     | 2006 -2007   | Institute of Pedology and Agro-chemistry                          |
| 17 | BNN-LN-06-004 | Education and Training Support Project   | SDC                   | 990.000       | 0           | 990.000     | 2006-2007    | Department of Forestry  |
| 18 | BNN-NN-06-005 | PHRD Grant for preparaiton of the Vietnam Livestock coompetitiveness and Food Safety project   | WB/PHRD               | 602.000       | 0           | 602.000     | 2006-2007    | To be identified  |
| 19 | BNN-HH-06-006 | Rural Infrastructure for Sustainable Livelihood Improvement in Central Region  | ADB                   | 0             | 74.000.000  | 74.000.000  |              | To be identified  |
| 20 | BNN-TL-06-008 | AusAid/Danida/Netherlands Projects Support to NTP on Rural Water Supply and Sanitation 2006-2010   | DANIDA/RNE/AusAID     | 125.000.000   | 0           | 125.000.000 | 2006 - 2010  | The Centre for Rural Water Supply and Environmental Sanitation    |
| 21 | BNN-TL-06-009 | Royal Netherlands Co-financing for Natural Disaster Risk Management Project (NDRMP)  | RNE                   | 8.500.000     | 0           | 8.500.000   | 2006-2010    | Central Project Office Water Resources                            |
| 22 | BNN-NN-06-010 | TCP Facility   | FAO                   | 200.000       | 0           | 200.000     | 2006 - 2008  | To be identified  |
| 23 | BNN-NN-06-012 | Improvement of Seed Sources and Rice Production for Food Security in the Highland and Mountainous Region in Vietnam  | FAO                   | 215.000       | 0           | 215.000     | 2006 - 2008  | To be identified  |
| 24 | BNN-LN-06-013 | Programe to promote sustainable forest utilization and management, trade and marketing of important forest product in Vietnam  | GTZ                   | 2.400.000     | 0           | 2.400.000   |              | Forestry Project Management Board                                 |
| 25 | BNN-TL-06-014 | AUsAid Technical Assistance Management for Natural Disaster Risk Management Project (NDRMP)  | AuSAID                | 6.000.000     | 0           | 6.000.000   |              | Central Project Office Water Resources                            |
| 26 | BNN-LN-06-015 | Plantation of Meulaleuca Forest on Acid-Sulphat Soild in Mekong River Delta  | JBIC                  | 0             | 50.000.000  | 50.000.000  | 2007 - 2010  | Forestry Project Management Board                                 |
| 27 | BNN-LN-06-016 | Increasing local capacity to mitigate the impact of the HCM Highway on the natural and socio-economic environment of Central Truong Son  | WWF                   | 202.630       | 0           | 202.630     | 2006 - 2007  | Department of Forest Protection                                   |
| 28 | BNN-NN-06-017 | Biodiversity use and Conservation program - Action plan for 2006 (BUCAP)   | OXFARM Belgium        | 115.735       | 0           | 115.735     | 2006         | Plan Protection Department  |
| 29 | BNN-HH-06-018 | TA capacity building for livelihood improvement in the Central Highlands   | ADB                   | 8.000.000     | 0           | 8.000.000   | 2006 -2007   | To be identified  |
| 30 | BNN-TL-06-001 | Project of building Reservoir in Khe Cat, Nghe An Province   | KOICA                 | 1.500.000     | 0           | 1.500.000   | 2006-2009    | Nghe An People's Committee  |
| 31 | BNN-TL-06-002 | Development of underground water in Kien Giang   | KOICA                 | 1.450.000     | 0           | 1.450.000   | 2006 - 2007  | Kien Giang People's Committee                                     |
|    |               | <b>Grand total:</b>  |                       | 234.009.865   | 273.286.000 | 507.295.865 |              |   |

# List of legal documents related to Agriculture and rural development sector

## Issued in April 2006

### By the Government

1. Decree No. 37/2006/ND-CP dated on April 4th 2006 by the Government specifying in detail the Trade Law on trade promotion activities

### By the Prime Minister

2. Decision No. 94/2006/QĐ-TTg dated on April 27th 2006 by the Prime Minister on approval of the public administration reform master plan for the period 2006 - 2010

3. Decision No. 81/2006/QĐ-TTg dated on April 14th 2006 by the Prime Minister on approval of the National Strategy on Water Resources up to 2020

### By the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development

4. Decision No. 23/2006/QĐ-BNN dated on April 3rd defining functions, tasks and organizational structure of the Plant Resources Center

5. Directive No. 24/2006/CT-BNN dated on April 7th 2006 on strengthening the implementation of three decreases and three increases program

6. Decision No. 25/2006/QĐ-BNN dated on April 10th 2006 on special registration of some plant protection medicines into the list of plant protection medicines which are permitted to be

used in Vietnam

7. Directive No. 26/2006/CT-BNN dated on April 10th 2006 on prevention and control of yellow dwarf and virus stunted diseases affecting the summer-autumn crop in the Mekong River Delta

8. Decision No. 27/2006/QĐ-BNN dated on April 21st 2006 defining functions, tasks and organizational structure of the Vegetables and Fruits Research Institute

9. Decision No. 28/2006/QĐ-BNN dated on April 21st 2006 defining functions, tasks and organizational structure of the Agricultural Genetic Institute

10. Decision No. 29/2006/QĐ-BNN dated on April 21st 2006 defining functions, tasks and organizational structure of the Vegetable and Food Plants Institute

11. Directive No. 30/2006/CT-BNN dated on April 21st 2006 on strengthening the capacity and renovation of statistic works

12. Decision No. 31/2006/QĐ-BNN dated on April 27th 2006 on promulgation of the list of plant protection medicines, which are permitted, restricted to be used or prohibited in Vietnam. hành danh mục thuốc bảo vệ thực vật được phép sử dụng, hạn chế sử dụng, cấm sử dụng ở Việt Nam.

## Issued in May 2006

### By the Government

1. Decree No. 52/2006/ND-CP dated May 19, 2006 by the Government on issuance of enterprise bonds

### By the Prime Minister

2. Directive No. 16/2006/CT-TTg dated May 4, 2006 by the Prime Minister on urgent methods on prevention and control of foot and mouth diseases in animals.

3. Decision No. 106/2006/QĐ-TTg dated May 15, 2006 by the Prime Minister on approval of the agreement on conflict settlement mechanism under the Framework Agreement on comprehensive economic cooperation between ASEAN and South Korea

### By the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development

4. Circular No. 32/2006/TT-BNN of the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development dated May 08, 2006 providing guidelines for the implementation of Decree No. 12/2006/ND-CP of the Government dated January 23, 2006 providing detailed regulations on implementation of Law on Commerce regarding international goods trading and agents for selling, buying, semi-processing and transiting goods with foreign countries

5. Decision No. 33/2006/QĐ-BNN dated May 9, 2006 defining functions, tasks and organizational structure of Corn Research Institution.

6. Decision No. 34/2006/QĐ-BNN dated May 09, 2006 defining functions, tasks and organizational structure of Plant Protection Institute.

7. Decision No. 35/2006/QĐ-BNN dated May 09, 2006

defining functions, tasks and organizational structure of Soil Science and Agronomy Institution.

8. Decision No. 36/2006/QĐ-BNN dated May 15, 2006 promulgating regulations on management of science technology subjects and plan of Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development

9. Circular No. 37/2006/TT-BNN of the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development dated May 16, 2006 providing guidelines on conditions, orders, procedures on granting, withdrawing, regranting veterinary certificate; inspecting sanitation conditions of veterinary units.

10. Decision No. 38/2006/QĐ-BNN dated May 16, 2006 providing regulations on prevention of foot and mouth disease on animals.

11. Decision No. 39/2006/QĐ-BNN dated May 19, 2006 on amendment and supplement of some articles in the Decision of the Minister of Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development on functions, tasks, power and organizational structure of Capital Construction Management Department; Department of Dyke Management, Flood and Storm Control; Central Project Office; and Water Resource Project Management Units under the Ministry.

12. Decision No. 40/2006/QĐ-BNN dated May 22, 2006 adjusting and supplementing the Decision No. 74/2004/QĐ-BNN dated December 16, 2004 on promulgation of the list of seedlings being eligible for production and business.

13. Decision No. 41/2006/QĐ-BNN dated May 25, 2006 on the establishment of Srepok River Basin Council.

## Issued in June 2006

### By the Prime Minister

1. Decision 813/QĐ-TTg dated 7 June 2006 by the Prime Minister on approval of the pre-feasibility report of the project "Forestry development for improved livelihoods of Central Highlands.

2. Decision 136/2006/QĐ-TTg dated 8 June 2006 by Prime Minister on approval of the project on institutional arrangement and reforms of State-owned agro-forestry enterprises under management of Tay Ninh's Provincial People Committee.

3. Decision 138/2006/QĐ-TTg dated 16 June 2006 by the Prime Minister on approval of the project on institutional arrangement and reforms of State-owned agro-forestry enterprises under management of Thanh Hoa's Provincial People Committee.

4. Decision 142/2006/QĐ-TTg dated 19 June 2006 by the Prime Minister on approval of the project on institutional arrangement and reforms of State-owned agro-forestry enterprises under management of MARD.

5. Decision 144/2006/QĐ-TTg dated 20 June 6 2006 by the Prime Minister regarding application of the quality

management system ISO 9001: 2000 in the Government administrative agencies.

### By the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development

6. Circular 42/2006/TT-BNN dated 1 June 2006, guiding implementation of some articles specified in the Decision 394/QĐ-TTg dated 13 March 2006 by the Prime Minister regarding encouraging investment in building and expanding facilities involved in slaughtering, preserving processing of domestic cattle and poultry, and focal industrial slaughtering facilities.

7. Decision 43/2006/QĐ-BNN dated 1 June 2006 on issuance of the Regulations on international exchange of scarce animal genes.

8. Decision 45/2006/QĐ-BNN dated 6 June 2006 on publicizing the list of supplemental vaccines, bio-finished products, microorganism, chemical substances allowed for use in veterinary in Vietnam in 2006.

9. Decision 46/2006/QĐ-BNN dated 6 June 2006 on publicizing the list of supplemental vaccines allowed for use in Vietnam in 2006.

News in brief ▶▶▶▶

**Lam Dong: planting cashew nuts on buffer zone of Cat Tien National Park**

The program to plant over 2.900 ha of cashew nuts on the infertile forestland in the buffer zone of Cat Tien National Park will be carried out by the District of Cat Tien from now on to 2010. Leaders of Lam Dong province said (25/6): currently the province is facilitating needed arrangements to transfer the above forest land areas to agricultural cultivation land to provide the farmers (mainly the ethnic minorities) and start planting cashew right in this rain season. In addition to provision of land, the province also provides each household with 2 million VND for plantation.

**Labour**

**Ministry sets rural water supply targets**

The Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development said the country has targeted to ensure 75 per cent of the rural population have access to clean water and 70 per cent of farm households have sanitary latrines by 2010. By the end of 2005, 62% of the rural population was provided with clean water. Most people without access to clean water are those living in rural and remote areas. To achieve the 2010 target, the ministry will encourage the private sector to invest in building water supply plants, overhaul existing water projects and preserve water resources to prepare for drought, flood and storm prone areas.

**VNS**

**Foreign investment hits US\$2.8 billion**

Viet Nam posted 339 foreign direct invested (FDI) projects valued at US\$ 2.26 billion recorded to June 23. Foreign investors also registered additional capital of US\$540 million to expand existing projects. HCM City led the way in attracting foreign investment, accounting for 31 percent of the country's total FDI, followed by Ha Noi, Ba Ria-Vung Tau and Hai Duong. Hongkong continues to be the biggest foreign investor in the city, with Korea, the US and Japan following in that order.

**Youth**

**Monitoring and Evaluation Section**

**M&E Update**

Quarter 2 monitoring using the pilot monitoring systems developed with support from the Vietnam Australia Monitoring and Evaluation Project (Phase II - VAMESP II) is being completed in 42 PMUs and 10 Line Agencies. In MARD the Central Project Office for Irrigation Projects is piloting the monitoring system. 32 Monitoring Champions were trained in early July in preparation for Quarter 2 monitoring. This included 3 staff from MARD.

The aligned monitoring format, developed by a Core Team of government and donor staff aligns GoV and 5 Bank reporting requirements for ODA and other public investments. Government members of the Core Team come from MPI (Departments of Foreign Economic Relations, Public Procurement and Appraisal/Supervision); MOF (External Finance Department); GSO and MONRE. This format is being completed by the Core Team in July 2006, after which they will request that MPI institutionalise the format for monitoring ODA investments.

The portfolio monitoring tool (PMT) is ready for trial as a beta-version - with MPI, MOF, MOT and MARD as well as Nghe An Province - during Q3 2006. A workshop of line agencies and 5 Banks was held on 10 July to review



Harmonised Progress Reporting Tool

**Reporting Period**

Year:

Start Date:

End Date:

portfolio indicators and explore options for a simple project health rating system using data from the aligned monitoring format. The M&E Manual has been finalised after extensive consultation with stakeholder ministries and provinces that used the draft version between Q4 2004 and Q1 2006. The final M&E Manual is much more user friendly and the monitoring module is directly related to actual use of the aligned monitoring format. This module also covers organisation of monitoring in PMUs and line agencies as well as the practical use of tools for data collection, analysis, reporting and feedback.

**Activity Plans for VAMESP II in August 2006**

- Schedule for 8/2006
- Translate M&E Manual and prepare for publishing in September 2006.
- Hold workshops on findings of pilot evaluations in Quang Ngai and Can Tho.
- Convert all monitoring data to aligned monitoring format and related tool (AMT)
- Trial beta-version of PMT - with MPI, MOF, MOT, MARD and Nghe An Province.
- Conduct pilot baseline evaluation of Customs Modernisation Project (MoF).
- Begin programming National Monitoring Tool for MPI and MOF.
- Input all historical ODA data (since 1993) into ODA-MIS in FERD/MPI.
- Support MPI and GSO to finalise portfolio performance and sector outcome indicators for use in ODA monitoring.
- Commence process of institutionalising aligned monitoring format and related tools and resources.
- Maintain and update the M&E website.

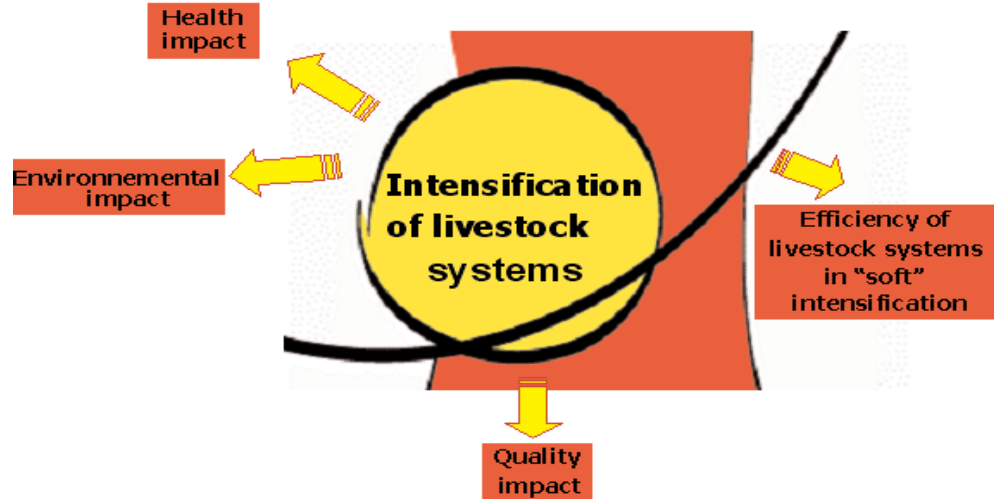
# PRISE : A research consortium addressing the challenges of livestock production intensification in Vietnam

**P**RISE : A research consortium addressing the challenges of livestock production intensification in Vietnam

PRISE is a research partnership which is responding to the challenges of the intensification of animal production in Vietnam and wider South-east Asia. This scientific consortium, established in October 2003, supports dialogue and collaboration between

European researchers from the Center of International Cooperation in Agronomic Research for Development (CIRAD) and Vietnamese counterparts from the National Institutes of Animal Husbandry (NIAH), Veterinary Research (NIVR), Agrarian Sciences (VASI), and the University of Agriculture of Hanoi (HAU).

PRISE was created with the aim of addressing a recurring problem in countries of the South: the analysis of the dynamics and impacts of the intensification of livestock systems, stemming from demographic growth, especially in urban areas, and



changing eating habits. PRISE's activities are organized according to thematic research areas related to the intensification of animal production systems, which are summarized below:

An assessment of the scientific activities of PRISE in 2005 was carried out in Hanoi on the 1st and 2nd of December of 2005 during the annual scientific committee meeting. Research activities and results for 2005 are detailed in the annual scientific report (available on request). They included, in particular:

- ❖ The impact of intensified porcine systems on the

environment, the management of pig-raising effluents of breeding and the control of common sanitary problems;

- ❖ Quality commodity chains and food hygiene issues linked to the intensification of animal production, like public health risk assessment and management in the pig production chain;

- ❖ improvements in fodder production, and their impact on the environment, the development of agricultural areas and agro-ecosystem dynamics, as well as the nutritional balance of feed for dairy cows;

- ❖ the impact of animal intensification on the biodiversity of domestic and wild animals, the genetic characterization of breeds of zootechnical interest in the mountainous areas of North Vietnam, and the protection of wild species which are under threat, such as the gaur, banteng, saola and the sika deer.

Other complementary activities carried out within the PRISE framework include training activities

(resulting in professional qualifications and diplomas) on an individual or collective basis, capacity-building; valorization activities and the diffusion of research results; technology transfer and improvement of the analytical capacity of PRISE partners.

Priority areas identified by PRISE partners for 2006 concern include:

- ❖ strengthening PRISE capacity in two key areas: (i) avian influenza and (ii) the environmental impact of the intensification of livestock production;

- ❖ supporting co-operation and understanding amongst Vietnamese partners;

- ❖ greater integration of economics within research activities.

For more information please send a message to [ciradprise@hn.vnn.vn](mailto:ciradprise@hn.vnn.vn) or contact the PRISE coordinator, Dr. Nguyen Xuan Trach, Faculty of Animal Science and Veterinary Medicine, Hanoi Agricultural University, Gia Lam, Hanoi.

Telephone: (+84) 4 826 77 53.



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Comments are welcome at ISG Secretariat - Room 209 - 210, A9, 2 Ngoc Ha, Ba Dinh, Ha Noi  
Tel: 04 7336610 ❖ Fax: 04 7336624 ❖ Email: [isginfo@fpt.vn](mailto:isginfo@fpt.vn) ❖ Website: [www.isgmard.org.vn](http://www.isgmard.org.vn)